The Texas Lottery Commission (Commission) adopts amendments to 16 TAC §§ 401.152 (Application for License), 401.302 (Scratch Ticket Game Rules), 401.362 (Retailer's Financial Responsibility for Lottery Tickets Received and Subsequently Damaged or Rendered Unsaleable, for Winning Lottery Tickets Paid and for Lottery-Related Property), and 401.370 (Retailer's Financial Responsibility for Lottery Tickets Received and Subsequently Stolen or Lost) without changes to the proposed text as published in the September 1, 2023 issue of the Texas Register ( 48 TexReg 4744).

The amendment to $\S 401.152$ defines the term "director" throughout the rules to mean the lottery operations director.

The amendment to $\S 401.302$ eliminates a redundant word related to the payment of scratch ticket prizes and makes the terms identical to those of draw games.

The amendments to $\S 401.362$ provide for an additional documentation option other than a Fire Marshal's report for reporting fire damaged or destroyed lottery tickets and eliminate the $\$ 25$ administrative fee for a pack of unactivated tickets that is unsaleable due to damage or destruction.

The amendments to $\$ 401.370$ eliminate the $\$ 25$ administrative fee for each unactivated pack of stolen or lost tickets and update the requirement for reporting lost or stolen tickets to the Commission's enforcement division through the lottery operator hotline.

The Commission received no written comments on the proposed amendments during the public comment period.

These amendments are adopted under Texas Government Code §466.015(c), which authorizes the Commission to adopt rules governing the operation of the lottery, and $\S 467.102$, which authorizes the Commission to adopt rules for the enforcement and administration of the laws under the Commission's jurisdiction.
§401.152. Application for License.
(a) An applicant for a license under this subchapter must apply to the Commission using forms provided by the Commission.
(b) The executive director or his/her designee shall develop all forms and related documents including, but not limited to, an application form, release form to obtain a credit report, and/or any other background information relating to the applicant required to determine the applicant's eligibility for a license and whether the granting of a license to the applicant will best serve the public convenience. An applicant must disclose all criminal convictions for those individuals of whom an investigation is authorized under the Government Code, $\S 466.201$, and which are requested in the application.
(c) An applicant shall, under penalty of perjury, complete, sign, date, and submit all forms and related information and documents required. By signing and submitting the application form, the applicant agrees to allow the director of the Lottery Operations Division (hereinafter "director") to investigate the credit, criminal, and tax background of the applicant and other matters as authorized under the State Lottery Act, Government Code, Chapter 466.
(d) Every application for a license submitted under this subchapter shall be accompanied by a license application fee in an amount to be established by the director. If the director denies an application for a license based on a factor listed in §401.153(a) of this title (relating to Qualifications for License), the director shall refund one half of the application fee to the applicant. If the director denies an application based on another factor, the director may not refund any part of the application fee. If an applicant fails to provide all forms and related information and documents required as part of the application, the director may cancel the application without
making a determination to deny. If the director cancels an application, the director shall not refund any part of the application fee.
(e) Every license application submitted to the director under this subchapter shall be accompanied by security as authorized by the Government Code, §466.156(a), in a form and amount determined by the director. The director may reduce or waive the amount of security required, if feasible, after consideration of the possible loss to the state from the operation of the applicant in connection with the lottery, whether the applicant is a minority business as defined by Government Code, $\S 466.107$, or any other factor the director finds relevant. If the director determines that the purposes of the Act would be best served through establishment and maintenance of a pooled fund for purposes of reimbursing the division for losses arising from the operation of licensed sales agents, the director may require security in the form of a mandatory contribution by each applicant. Any amount so contributed may not be refunded. Depending upon the losses required to be reimbursed by such a fund, the director may require additional contributions to such a fund as a condition of any license application, including a license renewal application.
(f) All applications submitted under this subchapter shall be available for public inspection during business hours, provided that criminal history information and other information confidential by law shall not be available for inspection. Any person seeking to inspect any application shall furnish a written request to the director specifically stating the information sought to be inspected. The director may respond to such requests orally or in writing in order to arrange for the inspection of the requested documents after a reasonable time is allowed for the division to review the documents and delete confidential information.
§401.302. Scratch Ticket Game Rules.
(a) Sale of scratch tickets.
(1) Only retailers who have been licensed by the commission are authorized to sell scratch tickets, and tickets may be sold only at a licensed location.
(2) Each scratch ticket shall sell for the retail sales price authorized by the executive director and stated in the individual game procedures; provided that, the purchase price for promotional groups of tickets shall be determined by the executive director.
(3) Each scratch ticket shall state the overall estimated odds of winning a prize of any kind, including a break-even prize.
(b) Game procedures.
(1) The director may approve and publish individual game procedures prior to each scratch ticket game being introduced for sale to the public. Game procedures shall be published in the Texas Register and shall be made available upon request to the public.
(2) At a minimum, the game procedures for each game shall contain the following information:
(A) confirming captions;
(B) game name;
(C) game number;
(D) prize structure;
(E) play style;
(F) play symbols;
(G) ticket order quantity;
(H) retail sales price;
(I) dollar amount of prizes that may be paid by retailers; and
(J) eligibility requirements for a prize or promotional drawing, if any.
(3) The play style for an individual game shall be fully described in the game procedures and may take the form of one of the following methods of play:
(A) match up;
(B) add up;
(C) three in a line;
(D) key number/symbol match;
(E) yours beats theirs;
(F) prize legend;
(G) cards;
(H) bingo;
(I) directional arrows through maze;
(J) bonus game features; or
(K) any other approved play style or bonus game feature developed by the commission.
(c) Determination of prize winner.
(1) The play symbols shall be used by a player to determine eligibility for prizes. Qualifying play symbols are stated in the game procedures.
(2) A player's eligibility to win a prize is subject to the ticket validation requirements provided in subsection (d) of this section.
(3) For each individual game, the player shall reveal the play symbols according to the play instructions for the game. Eligibility to win a prize is based on the approved play style as follows.
(A) Match up. If the designated number of identical play symbols is revealed on the ticket, the player shall win the prize indicated.
(B) Add up. If the player adds up all of the play symbols printed on the ticket and the amount is greater than or equal to the required total amount printed on the ticket, the player shall win the prize indicated.
(C) Three in a line. If the player reveals three identical play symbols, either diagonally, vertically, or horizontally, on the same ticket, the player shall win the prize indicated.
(D) Key number/symbol match. If the player reveals a play symbol that matches the designated key play symbol, the player shall win the prize indicated.
(E) Yours beats theirs. If the player reveals a play symbol designated as yours that is greater than the play symbol(s) designated as theirs, the player shall win the prize indicated.
(F) Prize legend. If the player reveals the designated number of play symbols, the player wins the prize amount that corresponds to the legend.
(G) Cards. If the player reveals the play symbol needed for that particular card game in a winning combination, the player shall win the prize indicated.
(H) Bingo. If the player matches their Bingo card numbers with all of the Caller's Card numbers and reveals certain patterns as specified on the ticket, the player shall win the prize indicated for that Bingo card and pattern.
(I) Directional arrows through maze. If the player follows the directional arrows to make a path or paths through a maze and the path(s) leads to a prize amount, the player shall win that prize.
(J) Bonus game features. These features are added to the game for extra play value and entertainment. The specific variants, as described below, are used for a particular game and are described in the individual game procedures:
(i) Doubler. If the player reveals the designated play symbol as part of the winning combination of the game, the player doubles their prize. The player may also reveal the "doubler" play symbol in a prize box, in which case the prize amount that the player won is doubled.
(ii) Wild card. The player may use this designated play symbol as part of the winning combination of the game.
(iii) Double and Double Doubler. If the player reveals one of these designated play symbols as part of the winning combination of the game, the player either doubles or quadruples their prize respectively, as stated in the game card itself. The player may also reveal the "double" or "double doubler" play symbols in a prize box, in which case the prize amount that the player won is either doubled or quadrupled respectively, as stated in the game card itself.
(iv) Tripler. If the player reveals the designated play symbol as part of the winning combination of the game, the player triples their prize. The player may also reveal the "tripler" play symbol in a prize box, in which case the prize amount that the player won is tripled.
(v) Auto win. If the player reveals the designated play symbol, the player wins the corresponding prize automatically.
(vi) Entry ticket. If the player reveals the designated play symbol, the player may use the ticket as a means of entering a drawing, subject to the game procedures for each game.
(K) Any other approved play style or bonus game feature developed by the commission. If the player reveals the designated play symbols or bonus play features, the player shall win the prize(s) as indicated.
(d) Ticket validation requirements.
(1) Each scratch ticket shall be validated according to validation procedures prior to payment of a prize.
(2) A scratch ticket shall comply with all of the following.
(A) The ticket shall not be stolen or appear on any list of omitted tickets on file with the commission.
(B) The ticket shall not be counterfeit or forged, in whole or in part.
(C) The ticket shall not be mutilated, altered, unreadable, reconstituted, or tampered with in any manner.
(D) The ticket shall have been issued by the commission in an authorized manner.
(E) The ticket shall have been received or recorded by the commission by applicable deadlines.
(F) The ticket shall pass all the confidential validation and security tests appropriate to the applicable play style.
(G) The validation number of an apparent winning ticket shall appear on the commission's official list of validation numbers of winning tickets for the particular game and pack. A ticket with that validation number shall not have been paid previously.
(3) The commission may pay the prize for a ticket that is partially mutilated or not intact if the ticket can still be verified as a valid ticket and validated by the other validation requirements and procedures.
(4) Any ticket not passing all of the validation tests and requirements is void and ineligible for any prize and shall not be paid. The executive director may, at his/her exclusive determination, reimburse the player for the cost of the void ticket.
(5) If a defective ticket is purchased and is void, the sole remedy available against the commission and the commission's sole liability shall be, at the executive director's sole discretion, reimbursement for the cost of the void ticket, or replacement of the defective ticket with another unplayed ticket in that scratch ticket game (or a ticket of equivalent sales price from any other current scratch ticket game).
(e) Payment of low-tier and mid-tier prizes.
(1) Any prize less than $\$ 600$ may be paid by any retailer.
(2) Retailers may pay prizes in cash. If acceptable to the claimant, retailers may also pay cash prizes by business check, certified check, cashier's check, money order, gift card, stored-value card, or store merchandise. If a retailer decides to pay with anything other than cash, it is the responsibility of the retailer to ensure the claimant has voluntarily agreed to the non-cash prize payment.
(3) Retailers may pay claims for prizes, if the commission's validation system is operational.
(4) Before paying a prize, retailers shall validate the winning ticket according to established validation requirements and procedures.
(5) Payment of a prize by a retailer will be made to the bearer of the validated winning ticket for that prize upon presentation of proper identification, if appropriate.
(6) If a low- or mid-tier claim is presented to the commission, the claimant shall follow all procedures of the commission related to claiming a prize, including but not limited to filling out a claim form, presenting appropriate identification if required, completing the back of the ticket, and submitting these items including the apparent winning ticket to the commission by mail or in
person. If the ticket is determined to be a non-winning ticket, the claim shall be denied and the claimant shall be promptly notified. Tickets will not be returned to the claimant.
(f) Payment of high-tier prizes.
(1) High-tier prizes must be presented for payment to the commission. For purposes of this provision, the term "commission" includes claim centers located throughout Texas. In connection with certain scratch ticket games, the top-level prizes must be claimed at commission headquarters.
(2) If a high-tier claim is presented to the commission, the claimant shall follow all procedures of the commission related to claiming a prize, including but not limited to filling out a claim form, presenting appropriate identification as required, completing the back of the ticket, and submitting these items including the apparent winning ticket to the commission by mail or in person. Upon validation of the ticket as a winning ticket, the commission shall pay the claimant the amount due in accordance with commission procedures. If the ticket is determined to be a nonwinning ticket, the claim shall be denied and the claimant shall be promptly notified. Tickets will not be returned to the claimant.
(3) Before paying any prize, claim center personnel shall validate the winning ticket according to established validation requirements and procedures.
(4) All prizes shall be subject to tax withholding, offsets, and other withholdings as provided by law.
(5) If a person is indebted or owes delinquent taxes to the state, other than those specified in paragraph (4) of this subsection, the winnings of a person shall be withheld until the debt or taxes are paid.
(6) When paying a prize of $\$ 600$ or more, the commission shall file the appropriate income reporting form with the Internal Revenue Service.
(7) Payment of a prize will be made to the bearer of the validated winning ticket for that prize upon presentation of proper identification.
(8) The director shall recognize only one person as claimant of a particular prize. A claim may be made in the name of a person other than an individual only if the person possesses a federal employer identification number (FEIN) issued by the Internal Revenue Service and such number is shown on the claim form. Groups, family units, clubs, organizations, or other persons without an FEIN shall designate one individual in whose name the claim is to be filed. If a claim is erroneously entered with multiple claimants, the claimants shall designate one of them as the individual recipient of the prize, or, if they fail to designate an individual recipient, the director may designate any one of the claimants as the sole recipient. In either case, the claim shall then be considered as if it were originally entered in the name of the designated individual and payment of any prizes won shall be made to that single individual. Once a ticket is submitted as a claim, it will not be returned to the winner.
(9) The executive director has discretion to set a maximum total cash amount or maximum payment time period for each prize level.
(g) Payment of prize awarded to minor.
(1) A person 18 years of age or older may purchase a ticket to give as a gift to another person, including a minor.
(2) If a minor is entitled to a cash prize of less than $\$ 600$, the commission shall deliver to an adult member of the minor's family or to the minor's guardian a check or warrant in the amount of the prize payable to the order of the minor.
(3) If a minor is entitled to a cash prize of $\$ 600$ or more, the commission shall deposit the amount of the prize in a custodial bank account, with an adult member of the minor's family or the minor's guardian serving as custodian for the minor.
(4) If a minor is entitled to a prize other than money, the commission shall pay the cash equivalent of such prize in the manner provided by paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection.
(5) A retailer is not authorized to pay a prize claimed by a minor.
(h) Ticket responsibility.
(1) A ticket is a bearer instrument until signed on the back by the ticket holder.
(2) The commission shall not be responsible for lost, stolen, or destroyed tickets.
(3) The commission shall not be responsible for erroneous or mutilated tickets.
(4) The commission shall not be responsible for tickets claimed by a player in error for a lower prize at a retailer.
(5) The commission shall not be responsible for tickets delivered to any address other than that designated by the commission for such purpose.
(i) Disputed ticket. If a dispute arises between the commission and a ticket claimant concerning whether the ticket is a winning ticket and if the ticket prize has not been paid, the executive director may, exclusively at his/her determination, reimburse the claimant for the cost of the disputed ticket. This shall be the claimant's exclusive remedy.
(j) Game closing.
(1) The executive director or his/her designee shall determine the closing date for an individual scratch ticket game in accordance with a scratch ticket game closing procedure that defines the criteria used to monitor scratch ticket sales performance and that identifies when scratch ticket games should be closed.
(A) The procedure shall provide for the timely closing of a scratch ticket game after all top-level prizes in the game have been claimed or on an earlier date as determined by the executive director.
(B) The procedure shall provide for ending ticket sales in a scratch ticket game within 45 days after game closing procedures have been initiated.
(2) No tickets in a scratch ticket game may be sold after the scratch ticket game closing date.
(k) Governing law. In purchasing a scratch ticket, the lottery player agrees to comply with and abide by Texas law, all rules, procedures, and final decisions of the commission, and all procedures and instructions established by the executive director for the conduct of the scratch ticket game. §401.362. Retailer’s Financial Responsibility for Lottery Tickets Received and Subsequently Damaged or Rendered Unsaleable, for Winning Lottery Tickets Paid and for Lottery-Related Property.
(a) Responsibility for Lottery Tickets Received.
(1) Except as otherwise expressly provided by this subsection or by $\S 401.370$ of this title (relating to Retailer's Financial Responsibility for Lottery Tickets Received and Subsequently Stolen or Lost), each retailer shall bear the risk of loss for all lottery tickets received. Receipt of tickets by a retailer shall constitute a purchase of such tickets, and each retailer shall be liable to the commission for the retail sales price of such tickets, less any applicable commission or credit.
(2) A retailer may return full and complete packs of unactivated tickets in original condition and receive an accounting indicating that the packs have been removed from the retailer's inventory. Nothing in this subsection waives the requirements of $\S 401.361$ of this title (relating to Required Sales of Lottery Tickets).
(3) A retailer must report damage to or destruction of tickets to the commission's lottery operations division through the retailer hotline as soon as reasonably practicable under the circumstances, but no later than three (3) weeks from the occurrence or event. A ticket is considered "damaged" or "destroyed" if rendered unsaleable through circumstances or events not the fault of the retailer.
(4) Under the circumstances set out in this paragraph, the director may credit a retailer for activated tickets that are damaged or destroyed.
(A) The director may credit a retailer's account for a range of activated tickets in a pack reported as damaged or destroyed providing:
(i) no validations have occurred on tickets in the range reported as damaged or destroyed;
(ii) the retailer has complied with paragraph (3) of this subsection;
(iii) if the tickets were damaged or destroyed by fire, the retailer made a formal report of the fire to appropriate fire department authorities within 24 hours of the discovery of the fire, and has provided to the commission's lottery operations division a copy of a report by a Fire Marshal that identifies the location and the cause of the fire or the commission's lottery operations division has obtained written documentation from lottery operator field staff verifying the reported fire damage; or
(iv) if the tickets were damaged or destroyed other than by fire, the retailer has provided to the commission's lottery operations division a copy of an insurance claim or a receipt for repairs that identifies damage at the retail location that is related to the damaged or destroyed tickets.
(B) The director may not grant credit under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph in connection with more than two separate incidents in a twelve-month period.
(b) Responsibility for Winning Lottery Tickets Paid. After a retailer has paid a prize on a winning ticket, that retailer shall completely deface such ticket and render it physically incapable of being subsequently presented as a winning ticket. A retailer who has failed to deface such a winning ticket and render it physically incapable of being subsequently presented as a winning ticket shall pay to the commission the full amount of each subsequent prize that is paid on such ticket.
(c) Responsibility for Lottery-Related Property. Each retailer shall be financially responsible to the commission for all lottery-related property placed at the retailer's location.
(d) An "activated" pack of tickets is a pack of tickets that has been delivered to a retailer and that is shown as "active" in the lottery management system. An "unactivated" pack of tickets is a pack of tickets in "Available," "Issued" or "Confirmed" status in the lottery management system. §401.370. Retailer’s Financial Responsibility for Lottery Tickets Received and Subsequently Stolen or Lost.
(a) Definitions. In addition to the definitions provided in $\S 401.301$ of this title (relating to General Definitions), and unless the context in this section otherwise requires, the following definitions apply.
(1) Available--The status in the lottery management system for a pack of scratch tickets that is stored in the scratch ticket distribution warehouse and is available to be assigned to a retailer's account. Scratch tickets in a pack in this status shall not be sold to the public and prizes contained in scratch tickets in the pack cannot be validated.
(2) Issued--The status in the lottery management system for a pack of scratch tickets that has been assigned to a retailer's account and is pending confirmation of delivery to the retailer's
location. Scratch tickets in a pack in this status shall not be sold to the public and prizes contained in scratch tickets in the pack cannot be validated.
(3) Confirmed--The status in the lottery management system for a pack of scratch tickets that has been physically received at the retailer's location. A retailer is required to "confirm" receipt of a pack of scratch tickets upon delivery to the retailer's location. Scratch tickets are confirmed using the lottery terminal located in the retailer's business location and the status is recorded in the lottery management system. Scratch tickets in a pack in this status shall not be sold to the public and prizes contained in scratch tickets in the pack cannot be validated.
(4) Active--The status in the lottery management system for a pack of scratch tickets that has been physically received at the retailer's location and that is being offered for sale to the public. A retailer is required to "activate" a pack of scratch tickets prior to selling the tickets to the public. A pack of scratch tickets is activated using the lottery terminal located in the retailer's location and the status is recorded on the lottery management system. A pack of scratch tickets shall be placed in this status prior to being sold to the public and prizes contained in scratch tickets in the pack may be validated.
(5) Settled--The status in the lottery management system for a pack of scratch tickets that has been physically received at the retailer's location, has been activated and the cost of the tickets in the pack has been or is being charged to the retailer's account. Scratch tickets "settle" against a retailer's account and the value of the settled packs are swept from the retailer's bank account through an electronic funds transfer. Settled scratch tickets are recorded in the lottery management system. Scratch tickets in a pack in settled status may be sold to the public and prizes contained in scratch tickets in the pack may be validated.
(6) Unactivated Scratch Tickets--Unactivated scratch tickets are tickets in Available, Issued or Confirmed status. Unactivated tickets have never been activated or settled and no prizes have been validated.
(b) Responsibility for Lottery Tickets Received and Subsequently Stolen or Lost.
(1) Except as otherwise expressly provided by this subsection, each retailer shall bear the risk of loss for all lottery tickets received. Receipt of tickets by a retailer shall constitute a purchase of such tickets, and each retailer shall be liable to the commission for the retail sales price of such tickets, less any applicable commission or credit.
(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, a retailer may return, and receive an accounting indicating that the packs have been removed from the retailer's inventory for, full and complete packs of unactivated tickets in original condition. Nothing in this subsection waives the requirements of $\S 401.361$ of this title (relating to Required Sales of Lottery Tickets).
(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, the director may charge a retailer full face value of an activated pack of tickets if prizes have been paid from the pack. The director may credit a retailer's account for a range of activated tickets in a pack reported as stolen or lost provided that no validations have occurred on tickets in the range reported as stolen or lost if:
(A) the pack has been stolen and the retailer, within 24 hours of the discovery of the theft, has made a formal report of such theft to both:
(i) appropriate local law enforcement authorities; and
(ii) the commission's enforcement division through the lottery operator hotline;
(B) the pack has been lost and cannot be located by the retailer and the retailer, within 24 hours of discovery of the loss, has made a formal report of the loss to the commission's enforcement division through the lottery operator hotline.
(4) A retailer shall report each stolen or lost pack of tickets to the commission's enforcement division through the lottery operator hotline within 24 hours of the discovery of the theft or loss.

